

Exam: Safe Slab Handling: Overview

Question 1

A typical stone slab can weigh 800-900 pounds or more.

True

False

Question 2

How many people should be involved when moving a slab?

A Lift Operator

A lift operator and a spotter

a lift operator, a spotter, and a guide

a lift operator, a spotter, a guide and a supervisor

Question 3

Most clamp manufacturers now recommend moving _____ slab(s) at a time?

Only 3

Only 2

Only 1

Only Large Bundles

Question 4

"Fall Zone" and "Slab Shadow" refer to _____.

- Different areas of the slab
- Storage area in the warehouse
- Location for sling placement
- The danger area of a falling slab

Question 5

Specifically, the "Fall Zone" or "Slab Shadow" is where _____.

- Breaks should be taken to avoid the hot sun
- The danger of getting crushed or hit is greatest
- Imperfections on the slab are most obvious
- All new slabs are stacked to avoid fading

Question 6

The maximum height a slab should be lifted during transport is _____.

- 4 - 6 inches off the ground
- 6 - 8 inches off the ground
- 8 - 10 inches off the ground
- Height does not matter

Question 7

Hard hats are often required when handling slabs. What other PPE should you wear?

- Gloves, safety glasses, hard toed shoes and reflective vest
- Gloves, safety glasses, dust mask
- Gloves, dust mask, hearing protection
- Gloves, reflective vest, face shield

Question 8

Wearing poorly maintained or a malfunctioning PPE could be more dangerous than not wearing any form of protection at all.

- True
- False

Question 9

If a slab starts to slip or fall your first reaction should be to _____.

- Stop it from falling because slabs are expensive
- Stop it from falling so you can keep your job
- Quickly put on our PPE
- Get out of the way

Question 10

Is there a place for complacency in the stone business?

Yes

No